THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

[Numb. 739.]

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *July* 5, 1759.

BREST, *March* 21.

THE Captains who are to command the Ships now fitting out, have been juſt appointed. The Marſhal de Conflans, having been declared Generaliſſimo, will hoiſt his Flag on board the Royal Sun.

The following Ships will be ready in a Month, viz. Royal Sun of 80 Guns, Tonant 80, Formidable 80, Intrepide 74, Magnifique 74, Theſeus 74, Heros 74, Juſte 70, Northumberland 70, Superbe 70, Eveille 64, Sphinx 64, and Bizarre of 64 Guns.

Theſe will be joined by the following Ships from L'Orient, viz. L'Orient of 80 Guns, Robuſte 74, Solitaire 64, and Brilliant, of 64 Guns.

And by the following from Rochfort, viz. Glorieux of 74 Guns, Dauphin Royal 70, Dragon 64, Inflexible 64, Hardi 64, and Warwick, of 50 Guns.

Theſe 23 Ships of the Line will be joined by 12 or 15 Frigates, the greateſt Part of which are now ready. The Chevalier des Roches is appointed Major of this Armament, and M. de Pille Adam, Commiſſary. Its Deſtination is not known.

The following Ships are alſo fitting out at Toulon, viz. Ocean of 80 Guns, Redoubtable 74 Guns, Souveraine 74, Guerriar 74, Temeraire 74, Centaur 74, Fantaſque 64, Triton 64, Lion 64, Fier 54, and Oriflame, of 54 Guns.

This Squadron alſo will be reinforced by 7 or 8 Frigates.

Cadiz, March 14. The Armament going forward in the ſeveral Departments of the Marine, will be ready to put to Sea before the Middle of next Month. It conſiſts of 25 Ships of the Line, from 60 to 80 Guns, nine Frigates, and ſix Xebeques. Our Port is to be the Rendezvous of the whole Fleet, and we expect in a few Days the Carthagena Squadron, commanded by M. Stuart. Two other Diviſions of the Fleet are to be under the Command of Don Andrew Reggio and Don Francis Oroſco. Such as can diſcover Futurity from the paſt or preſent, will perhaps gueſs at the Deſtination of this Fleet.

Genoa, March 17. Letters from Madrid ſay, that Don Pedro Stuart, Lieutenant General of the Naval Forces, ſet out the 1ſt Inſtant for Carthagena, from whence he is to go to Naples with 16 Ships of the Line, in order to convoy his Sicilian Majeſty to Spain.

Dreſden, March 24. There is actually a Body of 8000 Men in the Neighbourhood of Pirna and Dohna, detached from Prince Henry's Army, which amounts to 50,000 Combatants, all choice Troops.

Nuremberg, April 2. An Imperial Reſcript has been communicated to the Miniſters of the Circle of Franconia, dated the 28th of February, whereby the Emperor, conſidering the conſtant Rebellion of the King of Pruſſia and his Adherents, which is intended only to drain divers Countries of Men and Money, in order to increaſe their Forces, has expreſsly enjoined the Prince of Deux Ponts to penetrate into Heſſia, and ravage the Country, as a Retaliation for the Exceſſes they continue to commit; and accordingly the ſaid Prince has cauſed Letters Patent to be poſted up in the Landgraviate, relative to his Imperial Majeſty's Reſolution.

Dunkirk, April 4. The Reparation of our Fortifications is but the only diſagreeable Buſineſs for the Engliſh that is carrying on here. As ſoon as the Seaſon will permit, we ſhall ſend out ſuch a Number of Privateers that ſcarce an Engliſh Veſſel ſhall dare to enter the Channel.

Paris, April 6. According to the laſt Letters from Madrid, which are dated the 20th of laſt Month, the King of Spain's Fever increaſed viſibly the preceding Day, a Redoubling came on at the ſame Time, and the Swelling in his Legs was aſcending to the Reins.

Warſaw, March 28. All the Ruſſian Officers who are abſent on Leave are ordered to rejoin the Army in eight Days. General Count Fermor, ſince his Return, has ordered the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for opening the Campaign, and it is thought, that all the Troops will be on their March by the 18th of next Month, to renew the War in Pruſſian Pomerania and Brandenbourg.

Vienna, March 31. General de Laudon ſet out laſt Tueſday for Prague. It is thought the Army will ſoon be in Motion. The Operations are already begun on the Frontiers of Sileſia and Luſatia.

Berlin, April 3. Letters from Dreſden mention, that Prince Henry was tracing out a Camp at Zehiſta; that Magazines were forming at Pirna and Dohna for the Service of his Army, which amounts to about 50,000 Men; and that Major General de Wedel was with a conſiderable Body of Troops in the Circle of the Mountains, obſerving the Motions of 18,000 Auſtrians that are aſſembled near Auſſig, upon the Frontiers of Bohemia.

April 5. Lieutenant-General de Platen, who lately commanded a Body of our Troops in Pomerania, and who arrived here a few Days ago from that Province, ſet out Yeſterday to join Prince Henry's Army, where he is to have the Command of the Horſe. According to the laſt Advices from Sileſia, the King's Army continued to be cantoned between Schwednitz and Frankenſtein, and his Majeſty had ſtill his Quarters at Rhonſtock, in the Neighbourhood of Strigau; but General de la Mothe Fouquet had been detached by the Way of Treppau with a ſeparate Body, and ſtrong Garriſons were put into Hirſchberg, Goldberg, Bruntzlau, and ſome other Poſts on the Confines of Luſatia, to guard them from being ſurprized by the Auſtrians.

Frankfort, April 15. The Day before Yeſterday we were Spectators, from the Heighth of our Towers, upon the Ramparts, of a moſt bloody Battle fought near Berghen, a League from this City, between the French and the Allies. The former attacked the latter about ſix in the Morning; at ten the Artillery began to play on both Sides with incredible Warmth, and the Action continued obſtinate till between ten and eleven in the Evening, when the Night occaſioned a Ceſſation of Hoſtilities. Both Armies continued on the Field of Battle till five the next Morning, when the Allies thought proper to retire about two Leagues.

It is natural to ſuppoſe, that in an Engagement which laſted 15 Hours, there muſt be a very great Loſs on both Sides; all we know of it is, that our City is crowded with wounded and dying Men.

Extract of a private Letter from the Head-Quarters of the Allied Army at Wanderen, a League from Hannau, dated April 14, 1759.

"Yeſterday we attacked the French Army at Berghen. We found them very ſtrongly poſted, and every Advantage that the Ground derived from Nature, was heightened by all the Aſſiſtance that Art could give; and beſides this, it fell out unfortunately that our Cavalry could not act. Notwithſtanding all theſe Diſadvantages, we returned ſeveral Times to the Charge, with a Spirit and Intrepidity, which do us Honour, even in the Opinion of our Enemies. The gallant Prince of Hennbourg was killed; Major General Van Gilſe, and the Colonels Heiſter and Schluter are wounded. We are now but a League from the Enemy, and are making all the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for attacking them again."

Hague, April 21. According to the laſt Advices from Pruſſia, the Ruſſians, who began to make Inroads, have received a pretty ſevere Check. Count Dohna is ſo ill of a Dropſy, that he has been obliged to go to Berlin; ſo that the Command of the Army is left to General Manteuffel. The Duke de Broglio has ſent a very pompous Account of an Action that happened on Friday the 13th, between the Army under his Command and the Allies; but, according to private Letters, he has ſo great Reaſon to boaſt of that Advantage, as the Loſs is ſaid to be, at leaſt, equal on both Sides, and to amount to about 600 killed, and about 3000 wounded on each: The moſt unfortunate Circumſtance in Regard to the Allies is the Loſs of Prince Iſenbourg, who was killed by a Cannon Shot, to which Accident chiefly was owing the Retreat. The Count de St. Germain march'd Night and Day to join the Duke de Broglio, but did not arrive Time enough to have any Share in the Battle. Prince Ferdinand encouraged his Troops to make five different Attacks. It is thought that when Prince Imhoff joins the Army of the Allies, which it is expected he will do by the 15th, they will again attack the Enemy.

LONDON.

April 24. Monſ. Montay, who commanded the Count de St. Florentine Privateer, taken by the Achilles Man of War, who was killed in the Engagement, had inſured 20,000 l. on his own Account in the ſaid Ship and Cargo.

We hear from Yarmouth, that Capt. Gilchriſt of the Southampton Man of War, is conſiderably recovered of his Wounds.

Letters from Liſbon adviſe, that the Affairs of State in Portugal continued very quiet.

Laſt Week Governor Maſon, who lately arrived from Senegal, was introduced to his Majeſty at St. James's, and had the Honour to kiſs his Majeſty's Hand.

Copy of a Letter from the Hon. Capt. Barrington, of his Majeſty's Ship Achilles, of 60 *Guns, to Mr. Cleveland, dated at Falmouth, April* 16, 1759.

"I have the Pleaſure to acquaint you of my Arrival here, with the Count de St. Florentine, of 60 Guns, and 403 Men, from Cape François for Rochfort, commanded by the Sieur de Montay, whom I took on the 4th inſt. in Lat. 44. 15. 60 Leagues to the Weſtward of Cape Finiſterre, after a cloſe Engagement of two Hours, in which I was ſo fortunate as only to have two Men killed, and 23 wounded, with my Maſts, Sails and Rigging much damaged.—The Loſs on the Enemy's Side was very conſiderable, having all his Maſts ſhot away, with 116 Men killed and wounded, among the latter was the Captain, with a Muſket Ball thro' his Body, of which he died two Days after.—I have ſent to Sir Charles Hardy, deſiring he would ſend me Jury Maſts for the Prize; and when ſhe is fitted will take the firſt Opportunity of carrying her to Plymouth.—I muſt beg you will acquaint their Lordſhips of the very gallant Behaviour of my Officers and People upon this Occaſion."

P. S. Three of my Wounded are ſince dead, as likewiſe a great Number of the Enemy's.

Portſmouth, April 22. The Jamaica Sloop arrived at Spithead, brings Word, that there are in Baſque Road ſeven Sail of French Men of War, and 60 or 70 Tranſports and Merchantmen; and that they are blocked up by four or five of our Men of War.

ST. JAGO DE LA VEGA, *April* 28.

The Public muſt remember the cruel and baſe Treatment Capt. Phillips, Commander of one of the Packets from Great Britain to this Iſland, met with, about two Years ago, from a Captain of a French Privateer, by whom he had the Misfortune to be taken, and who, upon making Capt. Phillips a Priſoner, ordered his Noſe to be ſlit, and his Ears to be cut off: We have now the Pleaſure of informing our Readers, that Monſieur Bare, General of Hiſpaniola, after a long and vigilant Purſuit of this deteſtable Butcher, has lately ſeized him, brought him to public Trial for this his Offence againſt the Law of Nations, and condemned him to the Gallies for Life; in Conſequence of which Sentence, he is ordered for Old France in Irons. As this impartial and upright Conduct of Monſieur Bare muſt gain him the Eſteem of all good Men; ſo muſt it, in a particular Manner, render his Name reſpectable to every Engliſhman.

On Saturday laſt arrived the Tyger, Captain Burrows, from Liverpool, carrying 18 Guns, and

Men proportionable. In her Paſſage ſhe was attacked by the Bon Aventure, Capt. Gallocheau, a French Veſſel, of 20 Guns, and 250 Men, bound to Martinico from Breſt with warlike Stores; the Engagement continued two Hours, when they were both obliged to lie to an reſit, and then renewed it again with great Intrepidity for above an Hour, when Gallocheau was obliged to ſtrike his Colours, and is brought in by the brave Burrows.

ST. JOHN's (in ANTIGUA) *May* 16.

On Sunday Evening, his Majeſty's Ship Griffin, Captain Taylor, brought in the Prince of Wales Privateer (formerly belonging to this Place). She was taken near Martinico, and was laden with Proviſions from St. Euſtatia. The Priſoners ſay, all the Proviſions in Martinico have been ſeized by Officers appointed for that Purpoſe, and lodged in the Mountains; and that the Inhabitants have been at ſhort Allowance ever ſince our Fleet left the Iſland. The Griffin alſo brought in the following re-taken Veſſels, viz. Brig Unicorn, Capt. Falkner, from Philadelphia to St. Kitts, and a Brig from Liverpool.

One of the Flags of Truce, which ſailed from hence ſome Time ago with French Priſoners for Martinico, is returned to St. Kitts with about 120 Engliſh Priſoners. Amongſt the many Prizes lately carried into Martinico, are the following, which belonged to Philadelphia, viz. Ship Prince George, Captain Stevenſon, to Antigua. Ship Delahanty, Blair, to Ditto. Snow Adventure, Coburn, to Barbados. Alſo, the Sloop Greenwich, William Barnes, from Barbados to Philadelphia, was taken; but re-taken by a Privateer, and carried into St. Kitts.

But notwithſtanding all the Prizes which have been carried into Martinico, Proviſions are exceſſive dear there; and were it not for the Reſources their Privateers bring in, there is little Reaſon to think, but that the Inhabitants of that Iſland would, before this Time, have very gladly embraced ſuch a Capitulation as has been granted to thoſe of Guadaloupe.

CHARLES-TOWN (in SOUTH-CAROLINA) *May* 12.

According to Letters received Yeſterday from Gentlemen of Repute in Rowan County, in North-Carolina, upon the North Borders of this Province, dated the 28th of April, and 1ſt, 3d, and 5th Inſtant, many horrid Murders have lately been committed by Indians, on the Yadkin and Catawba Rivers. The Number of People killed, in ſome Letters, are ſaid to be 13 or 14, in others 17 or 18; and the Murderers are ſuppoſed to be Cherokees, tho' they may as well be Shawaneſe, or of thoſe Indians who were prevailed on to quit the Ohio with the French Garriſon of Fort Duquеſne. Among the Killed are named John Snap, Thomas Ellis, Thomas Adams, Daniel Holſey, and Joſeph Rentford, in the upper Branch of the Yadkin; John Hannah, and his Family (ſuppoſed to be 7 in Number) near Fort Dobbs; and Conrad Mull, on the Catawba River. The Catawba Nation was greatly exaſperated on this Occaſion, and as ſoon as they heard of the Murders, ſent out 30 of their beſt Warriors, under Capt. Matthew Tool, in Purſuit of the Enemy. In the mean Time all the Frontier Inhabitants are very much alarmed, many of them have deſiſted Planting, and others are fortifying themſelves.—However alarming theſe Accounts may be, we are not without Hopes, that if the Murderers are even Cherokees, the Little Carpenter will, by keeping his Promiſe, reſtrain, if not effectually put a Stop to, ſuch Violences for the future.

May 23. Captain Cowley arrived Yeſterday Afternoon, in eight Weeks from Gibraltar, and informs, That the Earl of Home, Governor of that Place, was there with eight Regiments, and Admiral Broderick with ten Sail of the Line, and four Frigates, was in the Harbour. All was quiet in thoſe Parts, and there ſeemed to be a more than uſual Friendſhip between the Officers of the Garriſon and the Spaniards. It was talked that a formidable Fleet was fitting out by the French at Toulon. Admiral Broderick had ſeveral ſmall Veſſels continually going for Intelligence. Some Frigates were ſtationed at proper Places, and the whole Fleet was ready to put to Sea on the firſt Notice of any French Ships of War ſtirring from Toulon. A great Number of French Prizes continued to be brought in daily to Gibraltar.

May 26. The Chickeſaws, who lately went in Purſuit of the Shawaneſe that were removing from a Settlement they had made near the Halbama-Fort, to join a Nation of other Indians called Cauſcoſkees, reſiding on the North Side of the Miſſiſippi, near the new French Fort, lately erected in the Fork of the Ouabaſh and Cherokee Rivers, are returned from that Expedition: Of which we have the following Account, viz.——That on the 4th of February laſt, 140 Chickeſaws, with Mr. John Brown, and 3 Pack-horſe-men, ſet out to attack the Shawaneſe; but after travelling 15 Days in Search of Tracks, were obliged to return, the Seaſon being ſo ſevere, that ſeveral Indians were Froſt-bitten, and others taken ſick. Mr. Brown and 3 Indians only, continued the Search, and diſcovered the Enemy: On their Return, they reported the Diſcovery they had made to the Nation, who received the Information with great Joy; and on the 8th of March, Pyamingo, a noted Warrior, having gathered 200 Indians, went a ſecond Time in Purſuit of the Shawaneſe, with Mr. Brown, and one Pack-horſe-man. On the 4th of April, towards the Cloſe of the Evening, ſome Traces of the Shawaneſe Camp were diſcovered, and Mr. Brown propoſed attacking it immediately; but the Chickeſaws objecting to a Night-Engagement, as they would be liable to kill one another in the Dark, the Attack was deferred till the next Morning. The Shawaneſe were nearer than the Chickeſaws imagined, and diſcovering their Enemy firſt, threw up a temporary Fort before Morning; it was a ſmall Square, the Number of Indians in it, ſuppoſed to be about 270, and made of Sticks, Brush and Logs, faced and lined with Bark of Trees, to a conſiderable Thickneſs. Indians are not accuſtomed to attack their Enemy in this Situation; however on the 5th, early in the Morning, the Chickeſaws began firing upon this Fort, and kept up a continual Fire till Noon: They made ſeveral Breaches in the Breaſtwork, and heard continually a moſt terrible Crying and Groaning till about 12 o'Clock, when the Voices heard in the Fort were very few: They then examined whether they were ſufficiently provided with Ammunition to finiſh their Work, but finding that many had fired 60 Rounds, and no Bullets left, they concluded to draw off; and did ſo, firſt tying a Shawaneſe Woman, which they had taken Priſoner, to a Stake near the Fort, and ſetting Fire to her, to ſee if her Countrymen would come out to relieve her; but no Shawaneſe coming out the Chickeſaws gathered up 240 Horſes and Mares, being all the Treaſure of the Enemy, and returned to the Nation with them, without attempting any Thing more. The Chickeſaws had two Men killed, and ſix deſperately wounded in the Action; but believe they have near totally deſtroyed the Shawaneſe.

The other Advices we have from the Chickeſaw Nation are, That a Chickeſaw, who was taken by ſome Northen Indians on the 15th of June laſt, and carried to the new French Fort on the Ouabaſh and Cherokee Rivers, had made his Eſcape, and returned to the Nation the 4th of December, and informed, that the Northern Indians were under very great Apprehenſions of being attacked by the Engliſh; and that at the Time of his eſcaping, great Numbers of French were daily coming in there; no doubt thoſe who retired from Fort Duquеſne. That on the 25th of December a Peace was concluded between the Chickeſaws and Chactaws, who had ever been at War, conditionally, that the whole Chactaw Nation quitted the French Intereſt entirely, and embraced that of the Engliſh, which they were extremely follicitous to do. That on the Firſt of January laſt 14 Chickeſaws, who had been to War againſt the French Fort before mentioned, returned with two Northern Indians Scalps, and told, that on this Side the ſaid Fort, as they were returning, they diſcovered above 100 French coming down in Boats, and in the Night, the Moon ſhining clear, got up cloſe to them, when every Man diſcharged his Piece, and made the beſt of his Way off. And that on the Third of April laſt, one Benjamin Lyons, formerly a Pack-horſe-man, was killed in the old Fields, in Sight of the Nation, as he was hunting his Horſes: But the Chickeſaws were gone to take Satisfaction for his Death.

June 2. Altho' a Sloop arrived this Week from North-Carolina with upwards of 2,300 Buſhels of Indian Corn, that uſeful Grain ſtill ſells at Thirty Shillings by the ſingle Buſhel, and 27*l.* 6*d.* by the Quantity, the Scarcity and exorbitant Price of which, is owing to more Cauſes than are publicly known.

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 22.

Laſt Wedneſday arrived in Hampton Road from Glaſgow, his Majeſty's Ship Euras, Captain Elphingſton, having under his Convoy 3 Tranſports, with betwixt 3 and 400 Highlanders, belonging to Fraſer's and Montgomery's Regiments, and two Merchant Ships. The Troops are to be immediately diſembarked, and wait till further Orders.

At the ſame Time arrived ſeveral Veſſels from the Weſt-Indies, who inform that the French Privateers are at preſent very numerous among the Iſlands, and have lately taken a great many Veſſels to the Windward of Barbados, laden with Proviſions, &c.

BOSTON, *June* 18.

Since our laſt ſeveral Veſſels arrived here from Louiſbourg, one of which in 4 or 5 Days; by her we learn, that Admiral Saunders's Fleet, with our Forces, had ſailed from thence for the River St. Lawrence, the laſt Diviſion on the 9th inſtant.

Extract of a Letter from Louiſbourg, dated the 7th inſtant.

"Laſt new an Officer reports, that he ſaw a Gentleman who had been a Priſoner at Quebec for five Years; that he with ſome more, had made their Eſcape in a Canoe; and in coming down the River ſaw 25 Ships of War, but being hazy, and fearing they ſhould be apprehended, kept the beſt of their Way. He reports that the Garriſon of Quebec was very weak; and that 5000 Men were marched under the Command of General Amherſt.

"This Morning a Party from St. John's Intrenchments on the 19th inſt. the Centry of the Caſtle was killed, and alarmed the Fort. On the 20th Capt. Johnſton, who commands Fort Amherſt, ſent out a Party to reconnoitre the Woods: In the Morning they were ſuddenly attacked, a brisk Fire between them and the Fort continued till about 10 o'Clock, when the Enemy thought fit to retire. They killed and ſcalped a few of our Men. Some Hours after they ſent a Flag of Truce to ſummon the Garriſon to ſurrender. To which Capt. Johnſton gave a categorical Anſwer, that he was determined to defend the Fort while he had a Man alive; Upon which they withdrew, and we have heard no more of them ſince."

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, April 30, 1759.

"We have a ſtrong Rumour of a new-formed Alliance betwixt the French, the Queen of Hungary, the King of Sardinia, and the King of Naples, in which the latter enters as Succeſſor to the Crown of Spain: The French Party aſſert this conſtantly, but I hope it will prove chimerical, as ſuch a Junction would ruin our Trade in the Mediterranean: I think while the King of Spain lets it remain well with Prance, he continues much in the ſame Way, and by what I can find, may hold out in this debilitated State for a long Time. The Windſor Man of War has brought into this Port an outward bound French Eaſt-Indiaman; there were four in Company, but the other three made their Eſcape. I ſend you the Prints of the laſt Packet; but Letters of later Dates mention, that Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick had defeated three or four entire Regiments of the Enemy, and the Motions of the ſeveral Armies ſeem to tend towards warm Service ſpeedily."

Capt. Warner, who arrived here on Friday laſt, left Falmouth in Company with eighteen or twenty Store-Ships for Louiſbourg, three Mail Ships for Piſcataqua, and ſeveral other Veſſels for different Ports, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ship Norwich, of 50 Guns, and 12th Frigate; the Mail Ships parted from the Coaſt off the Weſtern Iſlands. Capt. Warner left the Men of War and Store-Ships on the Banks of Newfoundland, and imagines they are all arrived at Louiſbourg by this Time.

The Report we had laſt Week of Admiral Boſcawen's intercepting a French Fleet of ſeven Sail of the Line, and a Number of Tranſports, his taking two 60 Gun Ships, and deſtroying one or two others, his forcing the Reſt to return into Port, and of his diſcovering the whole Scheme of the French in ſuccouring Quebec, or of their attacking any of our Settlements in North-America, we believe is premature, as we cannot find that there is any good Foundation for it; except that it proſt from the taking the Count St. Florentine Privateer of 60 Guns, by the Antelope Man of War; how much we have thought proper to mention (as the Reports no Doubt, is ſpread in the Country for Truth) that we may not be too ſanguine in our Hopes that the French in Canada are deprived of all Relief, but that we alſo remain upon our Guard againſt any Attempts that may be made by them againſt us.

NEW-LONDON, *June* 4.

On Tueſday the 22d ult. was found on a Common, in the Pariſh of Pataquanſcut, in Stoniton, an Infant buried under a Stone, being moſt inhumanly murdered; upon which a Jury of Inqueſt were impannelled by Authority, who brought in their Verdict that the Child was murdered. Thereupon the Authority, in order to find out the Murderer, gave a general Invitation to the young Women to attend the Funeral, which was accordingly attended by all ſorrowing and ſome Hearts, and by being ſo diſpoſed to the Diſcovery of the ſaid Child, was apprehended and examined, when it was found ſhe had had a Child. But about the 28th following, ſhe, with the Aſſiſtance of one Philip Legal, and ſome others, made her Eſcape with ſaid Legal, in a Boat; but being purſued, were both taken, and laſt Night were committed to Goal in this Place.

NEW-YORK, *June* 25.

Extract of a Letter from LONDON.

"*The* 22*d of March* came on the firſt Appeal, as a Dutch Prize to be heard, and the 29th of Dece the Day appointed for the Sentence, unleſs the Dutch Ship was ordered to be delivered, and the Captors to pay all Charges. This Affair makes a great Noiſe, and 'tis ſtarted every one of the Dutch Ships will be given up; in my Opinion they will; altho' others think if the Property can be proved French Property, the Goods will be condemned. The Ship on which the Appeal was heard, was taken by the Privateers of Briſtol. She came from St. Euſtatia, very valuable. They ground the Ship that loaded from Barbadoes which came from the French Iſlands with Sugars, &c. but as the Captors ſhould not garter the Goods were of French Growth, which was not theirs to ſeize, he was relaſed; for the Lords in Council determined, that by the Treaty of 1674, the Dutch have great Liberty to trade with our Enemies, and may ſecure their Effects on board their Ships; which is explained for me to think all will be relaſed. At the Time our Miniſtry were determined to puniſh them all, as before is ſet, againſt the Cargoes of Proviſions which they received in our Ports of Holland. But the Dutch were determined in that Caſe to carry Things to very great Extremity, which by no Means would anſwer, as we muſt be Friends with them; and now you will ſee how a new Treaty will be concluded to the Advantage of the Dutch for the Conſequences ever ſince that Diſpute before. The Dutch have ſold their Stocks, which have reduced them very low, beſides taken away a large Circulation of Caſh. They have no Concern in our laſt Subſcription of 600,000 l. all which have made Caſh ſcarce in London, that juſt was never known in the laſt Subſcription. Therefore our Miniſtry have determined we cannot do without they are in Friendſhip with us, to keep up a Circulation of Money, and other good Reaſons, as you will ſee hereafter; and glorious Good will take Place before that of Peace."*

By ſeveral Veſſels arrived here ſince our laſt from Santa-Cruz, we learn, that Commodore Moore was ſtill at Dominico, whilſt Monſieur Bompar lay quietly at Martinico, neither of them having as yet weighed Anchor, notwithſtanding all that has lately been ſaid about the Matter, and gueſſed about the former. [*But theſe Gentlemen ſeem to be very careful of their Conſiderations; but ſpeculate a little upon Bompar, and the other of Moore.*]

From above we are assured, That a Flag of Truce came in the Week before last to Fort Edward from Crown Point, something relative to the Exchange of Prisoners. That Monf. Bonneville was at that Place: That not more than 14 Sail of Store and Provision Ships only, out of 32, were arrived at Quebec: That Admiral Durell was actually as far up St. Lawrence as the Island of Coudre (about 60 or 70 Miles below Quebec): And that General Prideaux was got as far towards Ofwego as the Oneida Lake.

Thurſday laſt the Sloop Little David, Captain Joſeph Smith, arrived here in 8 Weeks from Cadiz; by whom we learn, that four Sail of Spaniſh Men of War had ſailed from that Port for Carthagena; and were to be immediately joined by 12 Sail more of the Line, from Ferrol: This Fleet is to be commanded by Don Pedro Stuart, a Relation of the Duke of Berwick's, who is now at Carthagena aforeſaid, and is, after being joined by the Engliſh Fleet, under the Command of Admiral Boſcawen to proceed to Naples, upon the News of his Catholic Majeſty's Death, in order to convoy his Sicilian Majeſty to the Kingdom of Spain: That the laſt Advices from Italy were, that 30,000 Neapolitan Troops had marched to the Frontiers of the Eccleſiaſtical State; and that 25,000 French Troops were in Motion on their Frontiers: That there were 14 Sail of Engliſh Men of War of the Line, beſides Frigates, lying at, and cruiſing about Gibraltar: That the Toulon Squadron was daily expected to Sail from thence: That two Swediſh Men of War were arrived at Cadiz with a outward bound Eaſt-Indiamen under their Convoy; as alſo three Sail of Dutch Men of War, with 14 Sail of Merchantmen under their Convoy: And that Mr. Popham, the Engliſh Conſul for Sallee, was arrived at Gibraltar, and is to proceed thence with the Captain of a Man of War, in order to accommodate Matters between them and the Engliſh.

This Day the General Wall Packet, Capt. Boulderſon, ſails from hence with the Mail for Falmouth.

Yeſterday Capt. Nuſum came up from Madeira: He ſailed from thence the ſecond of May, and then left at that Iſland, bound to the Indies, Admiral Corniſh, in the Lenox of 74 Guns, with two more of his Majeſty's Ships of 60 Guns, and one of 50, alſo three Indiamen; who were to ſail about the 9th of May. The Captains of one of the Ships acquainted Capt. Nuſum, that they ſailed from England in Company with Admiral Boſcawen, with nine Sail of the Line, deſtined for the Mediterranean.

The 12th of June Capt. Nuſum, ſpoke with the Snow Succeſs, Capt. Cook, of Dublin, from Fyall for this Port, in great Diſtreſs, having been 15 Weeks out, and had but one whole Beam left from her Hatch-way to her Stern-Poſt.

We have it from good Authority, that the Reverend Dr. Bristow, a very worthy Clergyman, Rector of Alhallows Barkin, in the City of London, is lately deceaſed, and hath bequeathed his Library, which is a very large and good One, to King's College, in this City, together with 60l. to be paid after his Widow's Deceaſe.

PHILADELPHIA, *June* 28.

A Gentleman in London, in a Letter to his Friend here, wherein he mentions the Affair of Fort St. David, &c. in the Eaſt-Indies, ſays, "It is impoſſible to guard againſt the Attacks of "an Enemy every where; but as good a Look-"out is kept as can be imagined, conſidering the "Extenſive-neſs of our Poſſeſſions, and our Navy "is now the Terror of the World. The King of "Spain's Death, which is hourly expected, will "cut out new Work for the Queen of Hungary, "and enable the gallant King of Pruſſia to main-"tain his Ground with more Facility. At Home "all is Peace and Unanimity. Mr. Pitt, who has "indeed been a ſingular Bleſſing to his Country, "proceeds ſteadily in the Plan he ſet out with, "and will make it a glorious Figure, unleſs "his Operations are clogged, which, it is to be "hoped, all the Seeds of Corruption will not be "able to accompliſh."

In a Letter from Barbados, dated the 28th ult. it is ſaid the French, on Guadaloupe, were to poſſeſs their Habitations and Negroes, on paying Twenty Pounds Sterling per Head for each Negro to the Engliſh: That the greater Part of them ſeemed quite ſatisfied under an Engliſh Government, and ſaid, that if they had known General Barrington would have uſed them ſo generouſly, they would have ſubmitted ſooner than they did. And that one of the Friars, in particular, expreſſed a great Liking to our People, ſaying, *That were but GOD and Barrington choſe Governors for Life, as their Glaſſes were ſo advantageouſly placed.*

The Letter Weſt-Indian, the Naſſau and Rainbow Men of War, with the Gun Boats, and a Store Ship, were juſt arrived from England, and had ſailed again to join Commodore Moore's Squadron: And that Capt. Trevor, from this Place for that Iſland, fought the Privateer that took him ſix Hours, and killed him twenty Men; but was boarded a ſecond Time by 80 Hands, when he was obliged to ſubmit.

Captain Colleton writes his Owners here, that when he was in Goal in Martinico, there were 16 Maſters of Veſſels Priſoners with him.

Capt. Brice, from Providence, informs, that a ſmall French Privateer lately landed her Men on the Iſland of Andros, and carried off two Schoonners, and ſome Negroes; and that ſhe had retaken a Prize Sugar Sloop, belonging to Captain Kemp, in a Privateer of that Place, which he was ſending in there.

On Monday laſt the Britannia Privateer, Capt. Macpherſon, of this Port, arrived here, and brought with him four Prizes; one a Snow from Bourdeaux to the Miſſiſippi, laden with Flour, Brandy, Wine, Dry Goods, &c. another a Sloop from Campeachy for Miſſiſippi, her Cargo conſiſting of Logwood, Dry Goods, Rigging, and other Things; the Third a Sloop retaken, belonging to New-England, homeward bound from Jamaica, loaded with Sugar and Maſſaſſa, and the Fourth a ſmall French Privateer. Capt. Macpherſon has taken, during his Cruize, 18 Veſſels, but moſtly ſmall.

On Tueſday laſt Brigadier General Stanwix ſet out for the Army to the Weſtward.

By certain Accounts received the 22d Inſtant from Pittſburg, and the other Poſts on the Communication, we have the following Particulars, viz. That a Convoy of Proviſions was arrived at Fort Pittſburg, by Water, from Redſtone Creek: That Coloniel Stephens was to march with another large Convoy of Proviſions, and Indian Goods, from Fort Ligonier, the 14th of this Month: That a Number of Indians had arrived from Pittſburg at Fort Ligonier, to meet and eſcort our Convoy going from thence: That ſome of them, who came lately from reconnoitring the Enemy's Poſts to the Weſtward, bring Intelligence, that they are very much alarmed with the News they have received, of a large Body of Engliſh and Indians being aſſembled at Ofwego; and further ſay, that a great Number were to be at Pittſburg in 15 Days, and that it was their Opinion that moſt, if not all the Weſtern Indians, would thereupon join the Engliſh.

And we have alſo the Pleaſure of acquainting the Public, that the Troops at Pittſburg, and thoſe upon, and marching to, the Communication, are in perfect Health, and high Spirits; and there is no Doubt made, but by a hearty Concurrence in this and the neighbouring Provinces to furniſh Carriages for the Tranſportation of Stores and Proviſions to the Weſtern Army, the utmoſt Good will reſult to theſe Colonies, and great Reputation and Honour to his Majeſty's Arms.

Four Companies of the Royal Americans arrived at Fort Bedford the 13th Inſtant, and the whole of that Battalion is, by this Time, on the Communication.

ANNAPOLIS, *July* 5.

Sunday laſt arrived here, the *Tryton*, Captain *John Johnſton*, one of the Fleet for *Virginia* and *Maryland*, who left the Convoy about the ſame Time as the Ships mentioned in our laſt.

By Capt. *Johnſton*, we learn, that Admiral *Boſcawen*, with 4 or 5 Sail of the Line, had block'd up 5 of the Enemy's Men of War and about 140 Tranſports, in *Breſt* Road, and had ſent to *England* for a Reinforcement and a few Fire Ships, in order to deſtroy them.

Capt. *Spencer* is arrived in *Patuxent*, and Capt. *Steele* in *Choptank*.

This Morning arrived here from *Barbadoes*, the Sloop *Elizabeth*, of this Place, Captain *James Reiley*. He came out of *Barbados* the 9th of *June*, with 28 Sail of Veſſels, juſt arrived there from *England*, chiefly bound to *Jamaica*, under Convoy of Two Men of War, whom he left off *Antigua*, and proceeded on his Voyage; but on the 17th, in Lat. 23: 15: he was taken by a *French* Letter of Marque Brig, the *Succeſs*, from *Nantz* for *Cape-François*, mounting Ten Guns, commanded by *M. Nicholas le Cour*, who accepted of £. 100 Sterling for the Ranſom of Veſſel and Cargoe; her Loading Rum and Sugar.

Yeſterday was Married, at *London-Town*, by the Rev. Mr. Deakins, Mr. David M'Culloch, Merchant, to Miſs Mary Dick, eldeſt Daughter to Mr. Jabez Dick, Merchant; a genteel Lady endow'd with every Amiable Quality, and a handſome Fortune.

Thurſday next the MARYLAND LOTTERY *will begin Drawing, at Peter Gaynor's, County Court-Houſe, in order to ſettle the Adventurers, as ſoon as poſſible, may attend.*

FRANCIS STONG,
BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER, from LONDON, (who lived lately in Annapolis)

NOW keeps Shop in Leonard-Town, near *St. Mary's* Court-Houſe, where all Gentlemen who ſhall pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work done after the neateſt Manner, and at reaſonable Rates, by

Their humble Servant,
FRANCIS STONG.

N. B. He Has a Supply of the beſt *Engliſh* Hairs, of all Colours.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Corner LOT of GROUND in *Annapolis* [N°. A] fronting N. W. on *North-Eaſt Street*, and S. W. on *Prince-George's Street*. For Terms enquire at the Printing-Office.

MISSING, ſince Monday laſt, from Mrs. *Sligh's*, in *Annapolis*, a Pint CAN, Sterling Plate, with a Cypher on it ſuppoſed to be done for HCW. Whoever finds it and brings it Home, or to the *Printing-Office*, ſhall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and no Queſtions aſk'd. If Stole, and the Thief convicted, Forty Shillings Reward. If offer'd to Sale, it is deſired it may be ſtopp'd, and Notice given.

TAKEN up by the Subſcriber, living in *Dorcheſter* County, as a Runaway, a Negro Fellow, who calls himſelf *George Frederick*, and ſays he is a Freeman, and that he ſerved his Time with one Capt. *Saunders* in *Briſtol*; that he has been uſed to go by Water and catch Oyſters for his Living in *York* River in *Virginia*, and that he was going up the Bay to *Saſſafras*. He was taken in an old Boat, about 14 Feet Keel, with a Fore-Caſtle, and appears to have been a Flat built upon. He is a thick Fellow, is Pock-mark'd, and has a Scar upon his right Temple. He has a good many Cloaths (chiefly Sailor's) with him, a Great Coat of a Drab Colour, a Pair of Steel Buckles ſilver'd with Silver, and a Violin. He is now in the County Goal. His Maſter may have him, and the Boat, on Application, and paying Charges.

THOMAS COOK.

THERE is in the Poſſeſſion of *Nathan Bozman*, at the Plantation of *Philip Thomas*, Eſq; on *Anne-Arundel* Manor, taken up as a Stray, a Dark Bay Mare, about 14 Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock thus S B.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. A. T.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Timothy White*, near the Mouth of *Rock Creek*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, an Iron Grey Mare, about 12 Hands high, with a white Face, and an upper and under Bit in each Ear, and branded on the near Thigh S R.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Joshua Hickman*, on *Patowmack* River, in *Frederick* County, Three Steers, Two of them are about 4 Years old, and the other about 6, their left Ears are under halfed, and their Right ſwallow forked; they are branded, but with what cannot be diſcerned.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

RICHARD FORD,
TAYLOR, from LONDON,

HEREBY acquaints the Public, That he has obtained ſeveral very good Hands from *England*, and that he carries on that Trade at *Nottingham*, *Baltimore*, where Gentlemen may depend on having their Work done in the beſt and neweſt Faſhion, and at the leaſt Warning. And alſo makes, in the genteeleſt Taſte, Riding Dreſſes for Ladies; for Ready Money, or very ſhort Credit.

N. B. He makes a plain Suit for £. 1 5 0
Ditto full Trimmed for — — 1 10 0
And all other Things at a reaſonable Rate.

COMMITTED as a Runaway to *Anne-Arundel* County Goal, a likely young Negro Fellow, who calls himſelf *James*, and ſays he belongs to Col. *Peyton Skipwith* of *Virginia*. His Maſter may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying all Charges. Dorcheſter, *July* 5, 1759.

Annapolis, June 28, 1759.

BY Virtue of a *Writ Facias* to me directed, agreeable to an Act of Aſſembly of this Province, made at *February* Seſſions, 1755, entituled, *An Act directing the Commiſſioners of the Paper Currency Office, ſpeedily to call in the Intereſt due on Bonds, and other Securities, and all Monies due on Funds payable into ſaid Office*, there will be expoſed to Public Sale, to the Higheſt Bidder, on Tueſday the 31ſt Day of *July* next, a Lot or Parcel of Ground containing about Three Acres, lying on *Severn* River, and contiguous to *North-Eaſt-Street*, in the *New-Town* of *Annapolis*; on which ſaid Lot or Parcel of Ground, are the following Improvements, *viz.* A large Brick Brew-Houſe, a Brick Dwelling-Houſe one Story high, with Two Rooms and a Paſſage on the lower Floor, a ſmall Frame Houſe, all now in the Poſſeſſion of Mr. *Patrick Creagh*; and alſo a ſmall Brick Houſe now made uſe of by the Province as a Magazine for Powder; taken in Execution as the Lands and Tenements of *James Donaldſon*, for the Uſe of the Commiſſioners or Truſtees for Emitting Bills of Credit, eſtabliſhed by Act of Aſſembly. The Sale to be made on the Premiſſes, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.

UPTON SCOTT, Sheriff of *Anne-Arundel* County.

WHEREAS a certain Perſon in *Baltimore-Town* hath Reported to Strangers and Others, in order to prejudice me, That although I keep Two Boats and Hands at *Patapſco* Ferry, yet the Attendance given is very irregular and uncertain, and that Travellers might meet with great Difficulty and Hindrance at the ſaid Ferry: This therefore is to aſſure all Perſons, that the ſaid Report is falſe and groundleſs, and that due Attendance is always given; where Gentlemen and Others may be ſure of a ready Paſſage, from

Their humble Servant, FLORA DORSEY.

DESERTED, *June* the 2d, from *Philip Love*, Enſign in the *Virginia* Regiment, *Thomas Fowler*, 21 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, a thick well ſet Fellow, has dark Eyes and a red Complexion. Had on a coarſe brown Coat, with large Flat Buttons, and Leather Breeches. He was born in *Ireland*, was enliſted near *Benedict-Town*, and deſerted from *Rock Creek*. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Deſerter, and ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall receive TWO PISTOLES Reward from the ſaid *Love*, or any other Officer belonging to the *Virginia* Regiment.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subſcriber's Plantation, near *South* River Ferry, about the 20th of *May* laſt, a Bay Gelding, about 13 Hands high, with one white Foot, a little white on one Side of his Noſe, and believe is branded on the near Buttock thus SS, or on the Shoulder and Buttock with a ſingle S, and his Hair is a little rubb'd with Drawing. Whoever will bring the ſaid Gelding to the Subſcriber, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward.

THOMAS GASSAWAY.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Baltimore* County, a Servant Man named *Samuel Phillips*, a luſty Fellow, much pitted with the Small-Pox, of a ſwarthy Complexion, about 45 Years of Age. Had on a new Felt Hat, Check Shirt, Buckſkin Breeches, blue Worſted Stockings, and old Shoes. He has no other Cloathing unleſs he has ſtolen it ſince he went away. He was in the Army the laſt Campaign, and has with him a Diſcharge, which it's ſuppoſed ſerves him for a Paſs. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Five Pounds Reward; and if brought home, reaſonable Charges, paid by JOHN WILLMOTT.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living in *Baltimore-Town*, a Convict Servant Lad, named *Hugh Pugh*, lately brought over in the Snow *Trial*, Capt. *Freebairn*; he is about 19 Years of Age, has ſhort black Hair, and cut cloſe on the Top of his Head, dark Eyes, and mark'd with the Small-Pox. Had on when he went away, a Leather (Jockey's) Cap, an Oſnabrigs Shirt and Trowſers, a Pair of good Shoes, but no Buckles in them. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Servant, and brings him home, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, paid by

JOHN DAVICE.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC SALE,

On Monday the 21ſt of July, at the Houſe of Mr. James Cary, *in* Baltimore-Town,

FOUR valuable SLAVES, conſiſting of Men and Women, being Part of the Eſtate of *William Cromwell*, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, deceaſed.

All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, or to the Subſcriber, are deſired to come and diſcharge the ſame; and as there has been ſo much Indulgence given already, it is hoped that no one will delay Payment, and thereby oblige the Subſcriber to take ſuch Methods as will be very diſagreeable to him, and expenſive to themſelves. Thoſe who have any Claims againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to come and ſettle the ſame. And for the Eaſe of thoſe concerned, the Subſcriber purpoſes to attend every Monday, till the laſt of *July*, at the Widow *Darby's*, at *Patapſco Ferry*.

JOSEPH CROMWELL, Executor.

To be LET,

A GRIST-MILL, FULLING-MILL, BOLTING-MILL, and BAKE-HOUSE, all compleat; with Conveniencies for Storing near 2000 Buſhels of Grain; belonging to EDWARD LLOYD, Eſq; ſituated at the Head of *Wye* River.

For Terms apply to the Subſcriber, living at *Wye-Town*, near the Mouth of the ſaid River.

3 ROBERT WILLSON.

TO BE SOLD,

For Ready Money, at the Subſcriber's Store, near the Dock in ANNAPOLIS,

FRESH BOLTED FLOUR by the Barrel, *Teneriffe* Wine by the Quarter Caſk or Gallon, Barrel Biſket for Shipping, Rum by Retail, Currans, Raiſins, fine Salt by the Buſhel, and ſundry *European* and *Eaſt-India* Goods, at the moſt reaſonable Rates. NATHAN HAMMOND, junior.

JUST PUBLISHED,

In large Octavo, Price, neatly Bound, 12/6 *Currency,*

By JAMES BISSET, *Attorney at Law,*

AN Abridgment and Collection of the LAWS and ACTS of ASSEMBLY of the Province of MARYLAND at preſent in Force, with a ſmall choice Collection of Precedents in Law and Conveyancing, calculated for the Uſe of the Gentlemen of the Province of *Maryland*.

As Abridging might alter the Meaning of the Enacting Clauſe, the firſt propoſed Method is laid aſide, and every Act containing any material Law is inſerted and given in Full, in the very Words of, and carefully copied from, the original Act; nothing being Abridged but the Preamble, general Form of the Enacting Part of the Act, and the Form in every Penal Act of applying and recovering Fines.

There is a very full Index, a Table of the Acts inſerted, and a Table of the expired and repealed Acts, and every Clauſe in any Act at preſent in Force, that has, by any ſubſequent Law, been repealed; mentioning when they expired, and the Acts whereby they ſtand repealed; ſo that upon comparing the Tables, any Perſon will directly ſee, that no material Law is omitted, nor any expired or repealed Act inſerted.

The Precedents are alphabetically digeſted, great Variety given, ſuch choſen as are freeſt from Tautology, with a Number peculiarly adapted for *Maryland*; ſuch as, Acknowledgments of Deeds, Probates of Cauſes of Action, Forms of Diſtraining for Rents, Superſedeas's for Stay of Execution, *&c.*

As the Binding will take up ſome Time, they will, as faſt as Bound, be ſent to the reſpective Court-Houſes in the Province, where the Subſcribers, or ſuch as chuſe to buy any of them, may call for them.

N. B. Advertiſements will be affixed at the Court-Houſe-Doors, adviſing who have the giving of them out.

3

May 16, 1759.

WHEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Maſter in *Queen-Anne's* County School: Any Perſon properly Qualified, applying to the Viſitors of ſaid School, will meet with as much Encouragement as the Law relating to Free-Schools will ſupport them in.

Signed per Order,

NATHAN WRIGHT, Regiſter.

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To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Tueſday the 13th of November next, at the Houſe of William Brown, *in* London-Town, *the following Tracts of* LAND, *belonging to the Eſtate of* William Poole, *deceaſed,*

ONE TRACT called *Simpſon's Beauty*, containing by Patent 153 Acres, lying near a Place called *Huntington*.

One TRACT called *Batchelor's Choice*, containing 100 Acres, lying on the South Side of the main Falls of *Patapſco*, and contiguous to a Tract of Land, ſurvey'd for *Jane Gray*, called *Mallow's Bower*.

One TRACT called *Poplar Neck*, containing by Patent 250 Acres.

One TRACT called *Mitchell's Addition*, containing 18¼ Acres.

Part of a TRACT called *Paddington's Harbour*, containing 100 Acres.

* * * Theſe 3 laſt Tracts lie contiguous to one another, and near *London-Town*.

Alſo, The late Mr. *Poole's* Dwelling-Houſe, Store, and other Improvements, in *London-Town*, with ſeveral unimproved Lots lying contiguous.

All Perſons who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in. And any inclining to Purchaſe the above Lands, may be informed of the Title and Terms of Sale, by applying to JAMES MOUAT, JAMES DICK, JAMES NICHOLSON, } Executors.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of *Stephen Pickering*, deceaſed, are deſired to give in an Account thereof to the Subſcriber, who will divide the Effects in his Hands equally amongſt the Creditors, whoſe Debts are not yet ſatisfied, and of an equal Nature.

JAMES DICK, Executor.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on Tueſday the 5th of *June* laſt, a Convict Servant Man, named *John Boroughs*, born in *Leiceſterſhire* in *England*, and bred a Farmer, he is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, and well ſet, freſh colour'd, and much Pock marked. He took with him, a Pea-Jacket of a Reddiſh or Brick Duſt Colour, a *Raſſia* Drab Coat half worn, and ſpotted in ſeveral Places with Tar, a Cloth coloured *German* Serge Waiſtcoat, a Pair of Leather Breeches, one white, one Check, and two Oſnabrigs Shirts, three Pair of Stockings, a Pair of black Leather Shoes, with Braſs Buckles, an old Felt Hat, and an old brown Wig, which he commonly wears.

The above Servant was imported here in the Snow *Trial*, Capt. *G. Freebairn*, in *January* laſt.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Runaway, and delivers him to me at *Annapolis*, if taken in *Anne-Arundel* County, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings Reward; if taken out of ſaid County, and delivered as aforeſaid, ſhall receive Forty Shillings, beſides reaſonable Charges, paid by

JAMES MACCUBBIN.

LEFT at Colonel *Barnes's* Warehouſe in *St. Mary's* County, ſome conſiderable Time ago, a Parcel of WHIP and CROSS-CUT SAWS. The Owner may have them on paying the Charge of this Advertiſement.

BENJAMIN WHITCOMB,
STAY-MAKER,

Living in PORT-TOBACCO, *in* Charles *County*,

MAKES STAYS, JUMPS, and SULTEEN-STAYS, after the neateſt, beſt, and neweſt Faſhion, made of the beſt of Goods, and works inferior to none. Any Gentlewomen, by directing their Commands to him, they ſhall be complied with, and may be aſſured the Work ſhall not be exceeded by any Maſter Stay-maker now in Being.

LEFT at Mr. *Jacques's* Store in *Annapolis*, laſt Summer, a Box ſuppoſed to contain HATS, which came in the Ship *Peyton*, Capt. *Matthew Sparrie*, mark'd N° 1 and N W in a Diamond, and a large Bell Metal Skillet mark'd NK join'd in one. The Owner may have them, on proving a Bill of Lading, and paying the Charge of this Advertiſement.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Church-ſtreet*, where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertiſements.